

Electricity Supply Monitoring Initiative (ESMI)

Watch Your Power Quality

www.watchyourpower.org

Summary Analysis - May 2017

Electricity Supply Monitoring Initiative (ESMI) is a program being implemented by Prayas (Energy Group). It aims to improve transparency and provide evidence based feedback about the quality of electricity supply. Under ESMI, specially designed, mobile data enabled monitors are being deployed at each location and supply quality data is published daily at watchyourpower.org. ESMI was selected as a finalist for Google Impact Challenge, India, 2013, given to NGOs using technology for social impact. It was launched in March 2015 and currently covers over 55 districts across India.

This report presents a summary analysis of supply quality data from 211 locations (55 Rural and 156 Urban) for May 2017. This analysis covers three main parameters of supply quality: i) no supply hours, ii) number of interruptions, and, iii) evening hours of supply. The analysis is carried out for mega cities, other cities and rural areas. See notes at the end for more details and explanation.

In May 2017



ESMI locations experienced outages for more than 15 hours

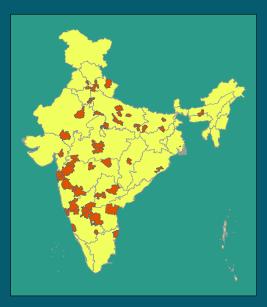
> Map showing current ESMI expanse at district level

36%

ESMI locations experienced more than 30 interruptions, each greater than 15 min



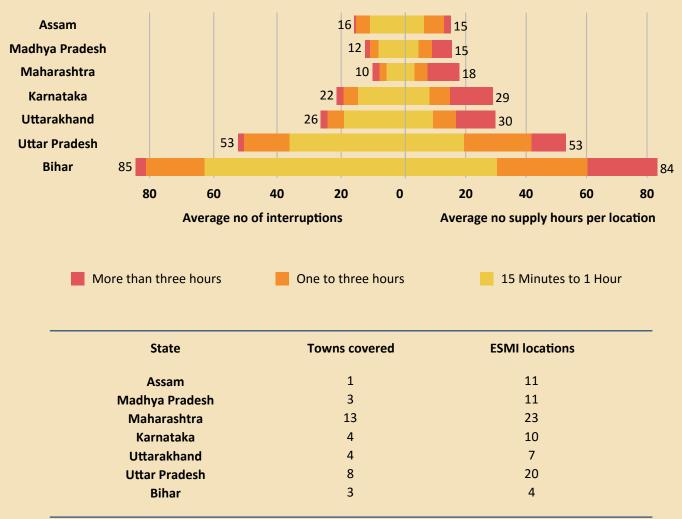
ESMI locations experienced average daily outage of 30 min or more during evening hours



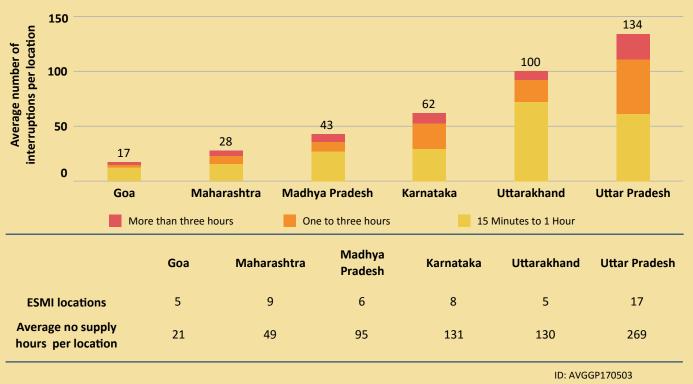
Average number of interurptions per location				
Megacity	ESMI locations	Short - 15 Minutes to 1 Hour	Long - 1 hour and more	Average no supply hours per location
Chandigarh	5	3	0	1
Chennai	4	4	1	5
Pune	7	5	3	9
Hyderabad	8	7	3	12
Bengaluru	8	15	11	35
Kanpur	6	29	10	39
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Supply Quality in Mega Cities - May 2017

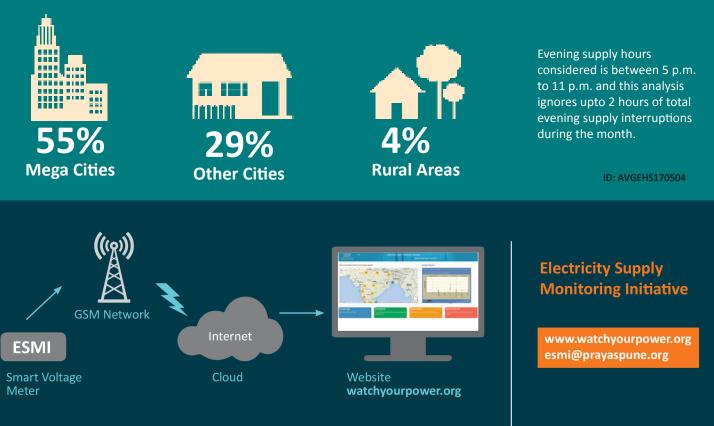
Supply Quality in Other Cities - May 2017



Supply Quality in Rural Areas - May 2017



ESMI Locations Receiving Entire Six Hours Of Evening Supply



Notes:

- Analysis in this report covers locations with more than 90% data availability during the month
- Urban locations are State Capitals, District Headquarters and Other Municipal Areas.
 Mega Cities are urban locations as defined by Central Electricity <u>Authority</u>
- (typically with population more than 20 lakh)
- Other cities are urban locations that are not mega cities
- Rural areas are those governed by Gram Panchayats (village councils)
- Agricultural locations covered under ESMI are excluded from this analysis
- Analysis, except evening hours of supply, consider interruptions of more than 15 minutes.

www.prayaspune.org/peg

Prayas (Energy Group)